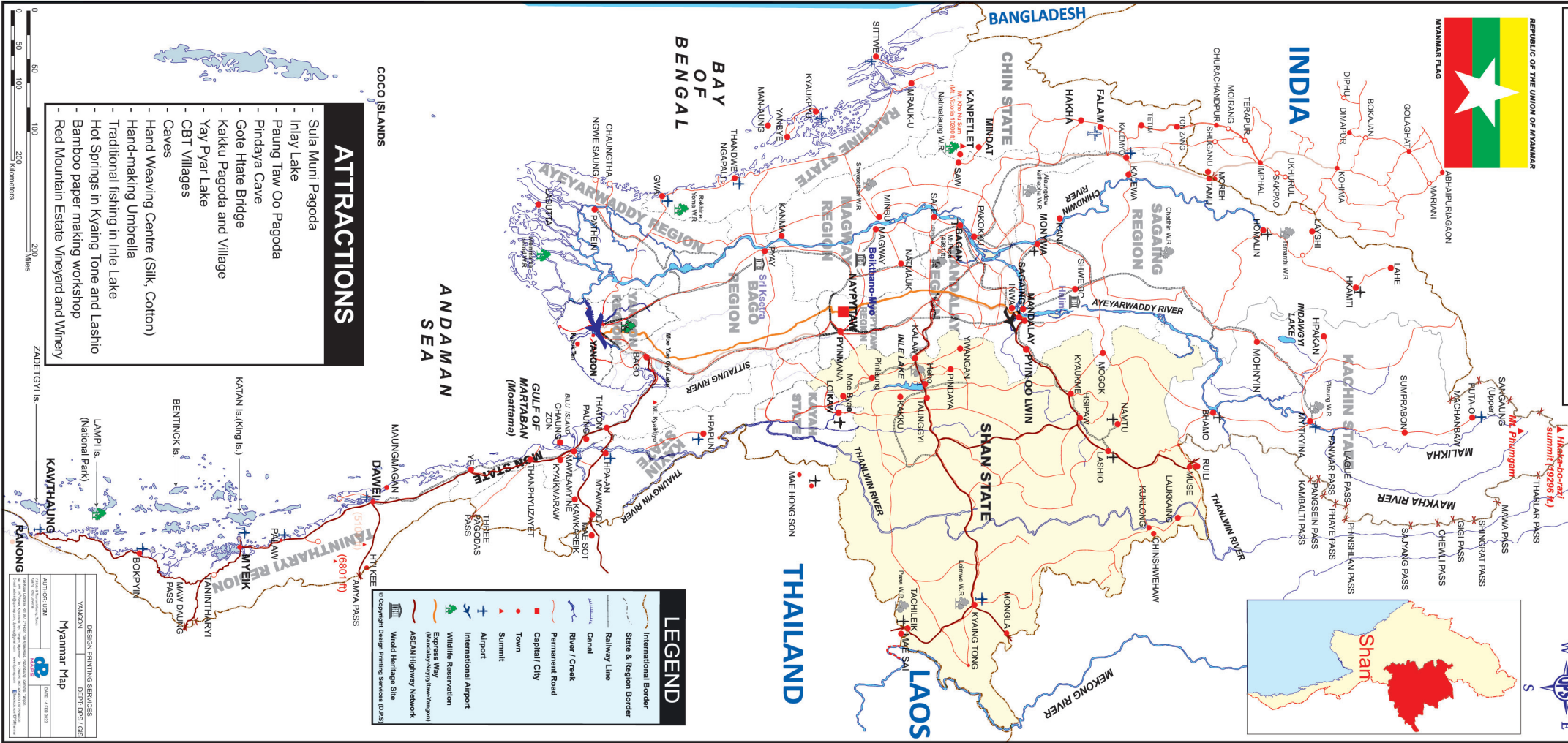


THE MAP OF SHAN



DISTANCE	
Kyaing Tong- Mongla	= 57.84 miles
Kyaing Tong- Loirome	= 17.52 miles
Loirome- Taichlek	= 85.74 miles
Kyaing Tong- Mong Hsat	= 150.99 miles
Mong Hsat- Monglon	= 42.31 miles
Monglon- Namsang	=147.88 miles

HOT SPRING

There is a hot spring 6 kilometres to the west of Kyaing Tong and it takes only one and half hour drives from Kyaing Tong. Visitors can take a bath with hot spring water and try boiled-chicken or quail egg at the hot spring.



Kyaing Tong

TRADITIONAL FOOD



TRADITIONAL FOOD

Shan food is common in Myanmar and also added as tourist attractions. A typical meal and snack include Shan noodle, Sticky rice and crispy fried tofu and are "must" experiences for all visitors.



LACQUERWARE WORKSHOP

Located on Summon Hill and visitor can explore the traditional artwork. A family-owned business passed down from generation to generation and it is the only remaining traditional Shan lacquerware workshop in the eastern part of Thanlwin River.



GABARAYE PAGODA

Gabaraye (World Peace) Pagoda is located 7 miles northeast of Kyaing Tong and built in 11th Century. It is noted that, women are not allowed to enter inside the pagoda as it is believed that, one of the Buddha's hairs was inside there.



LOIROME

Loirome is a hill town located more than 20 miles east of Kyaing Tong and at 5442 feet above the sea level. There is a remains of old colonial buildings as Loirome was a station of British in colonial period. Loirome is also fame for its breathtaking landscape.

TOURIST MAP

of

Kyaing Tong

Ministry of Hotels & Tourism

Building No-33, Nay Pyi Taw,
The Republic of the Union of Myanmar
Tel : +95-67-406458, 406129
Fax : +95-67-406060, 406057
Email : mohtmail@gmail.com, director.information.moht@gmail.com
Email : tourismmyanmar.org@gmail.com
Website : https://www.tourism.gov.mm
Web Portal : www.tourismmyanmar.com.mm
Facebook : www.facebook.com/moht.mm



KYAING TONG

Kyaing Tong is the capital of the Golden Triangle Region and the town is surrounded by beautiful forests and mountains and offers travelers a chance to visit remote villages. Kyaing Tong is also known as Keng Tung, Cheingtung and Kengtong is located in the far Eastern Shan State.

Kyaing Tong was a former British administrative outpost and short drive to China in the north, Mekong and Lao PDR in the east and three hour drive to Thailand in the south. The town is an ideal place for trekking, leading to villages of 13 ethnic tribes including Akha, Aku, Palaung, Eng or Lahu.



MAHA MYAT MUNI PAGODA

The Thai-style temple is located in the heart of the town and built by the 43rd Sawbwa Sao Kawn Kiao Intaleng in 1923. The outside of the temple looks unremarkable but the atmosphere inside is very tranquil, allowing the visitors to spend sometime in silence and covered in ornate red and gold paint work.



NONG TONG LAKE

Nong Tong Lake is a natural lake and located at the center of the town. The Lake is one of the prettiest spots in Kyaing Tong and surrounded by impressive colonial architecture and a clutch of local restaurants. The lake is alive, especially in the evenings.



ROMAN CATHOLIC MISSIONARY CHURCH

Roman Catholic Missionary Churh is one of the places of well worth visiting and located in the west of Standing Buddha Image. The over 100-year-old church was built by the British during the colonial period in the signature style of the era and visitors can explore the cathedral features and soaring arched roofs inside the building.



ONE TREE HILL

One Tree Hill is a prominent landmark of Kyaing Tong and planted in 1368 A.D as a symbol of friendship between the three brothers of the 9th successor of Kyaing Tong Sawbwa. The botanical name of the tree is DIPTROCARPUS ALATUS (ROXB) and it is 218 feet in height. Visitors can enjoy the breathtaking view of sunset and sunrise from the hill.



MYOMA MARKET

The Myoma Market is very special place for those who want to explore local food and daily routine of local people. The market is open only for half day and the best products are available early in the morning. Visitors can find ethnic tribes selling local handicrafts, traditional food and souvenirs.



CEMETERY OF KYAING TONG SAWBWA

The cemetery was the burial place of the 38th Sawbwa of Kyaing Tong, Soa Maha Khanan and the old rulers were also buried there. The largest one is the tomb of Sawbwa Sao Kawn Kiaolntaleng who ruled Kyaing Tong for 38 years. It was said that from 1243 A.D (605 Myanmr Era) to the last Sawbwa's reign there were altogether 45 Sawbaws who ruled in Kyaing Tong.



PADAENG GATE

Padaeng Gate was built by the 38th Sawbwa Sao Maha Khanam in 1834 A.D. The Padaeng Gate is the only remaining of (12) Gates in Kyaing

Tong and still stands as witness to its greatness many centuries ago.



LAHUSHI VILLAGE

Lahushi village is located in the northwest of Kyaing Tong and it is one of the best places for trekking. Visitors can see the ways of life of Lahu Shi tribes living there.



WAN PAUK (SILVER PALAUNG VILLAGE)

Wan Pauk village is a place of Silver Palaung tribes and located 3 miles from the north-west of Kyaing Tong. The Silver Palaung tribes still wearing their traditional costumes and work in Blacksmith, Silverware making and weaving.



WAN SAI (AKU) VILLAGE

Wan Sai village is a home of Aku people and located about 4 miles northeast of Kyaing Tong. The people of Wan Sai village follow Baptist Christianity and there is a small Baptist Church in the center of the village. Wan Sai village is known for their friendly pipe-smoking women. Visitors can buy handicrafts made by the villagers as a souvenir and explore the culture and customs of Aku people.



HOLAN (ENN) VILLAGE

Holan village is located 20-minute drive from Aku village and it is a home of Enn people. Despite the Enn people follow Buddhism, they also held traditional spiritual celebration. Enn people are known for their black teeth and belief in those black teeth can protect from decay and bad breath. It is worth to visit Holan village to experience the traditions, culture and ways of life of Enn people.



HOLAP (AKHA) VILLAGE

Holap village is a home of Akha people and located in the south of Kyaing Tong. There are three Akha villages namely Upper Holap village, Central Holap village and Lower Holap village and the villagers follow Buddhism and Christianity. Visitor can enjoy natural scenic beauty and culture and customs of Akha people.



WAN NYAT (LOI) VILLAGE

Wan Nyat is a place for Loi people and located in the northeast of Kyaing Tong. An ancient monastery with masterpieces carving on its main door is one of the unique place to visit in Wan Nyat. Visitors can also explore the traditions and daily life of Loi people.

WAN SHAE (LOI) VILLAGE

Wan Shae is also a place for Loi people and located 1-hour walk from Wan Nyat village. Loi people in Wan Shae and Wan Nyat villages follow Buddhism and visitors can enjoy unique culture and customs of Loi ethnic people.



STANDING BUDDHA IMAGE

The Standing Buddha Image is one of the significance of Kyaing Tong and can be seen from almost all parts of the town. It is also conveniently en-route to Nong Tong Lake so visitor can combine a visit to both places at the same time.



POTTERY WORKSHOP

Located in Yankone, where various kind of pottery made for Sawbwa in the past. At present, almost every household is making their own pottery.

SWAM HILL BLACKSMITH

Almost every household from the Swam Hill are engaged in blacksmithing and made swords, spears and weapons for Sawbwa in the past. Unlike other local swords, the handle of swords from Swam Hill are made of buffalo horn.

PIN TAUk VILLAGE

Pin Tauk village is a home of Akha, Lahu, Enn and Wa ethnic tribes and located in the north-west of Kyaing Tong. Visitors can explore the traditional culture, customs and ways of life of these indigenous tribes. There is a tranquil and beautiful natural waterfall nearby and visitors can see some rare birds there.

Hotels and Restaurants

Kyaing Tong

- Princess Hotel
No.21, Zaydankalay Road
Tel: 084-21319, 084-22159
- Sheng Tip Hotel
Airport Road.
In front of Naung Kham Lake
Tel: 084-22208, 095250218
- Amazing Keng Tong Resort
Mai Yang Road
Tel: 084-21620/21621
- Kyaing Tong Paradise Hotel
Nearby Myo Ma Play Groung
Tel: 084-21322/ 21323
- Private Hotel
(4) Qtr, Myothit
Tel: 084-21438\0941006950
- Law Yee Chain Hotel
No. (9), Kyaing Ngarm (1) Road,
(2) Qtr. Tel: 084-23219/ 21114
- Naung Tong Hotel
Behind Kyaing Tong City
Market, Naung Yay Qtr; (1)
Tel: 084- 21781
- Golden Star Hotel
No. 164 (A), Airport Road, Qtr; (4)
Tel: 084- 23695, 22411
- Golden World Hotel
Near Wat Pha Jao Loang, No.
(26), Zay Dan Loang Street
Tel: 084- 22733, 21545
- Hotel Khema Raththa
No (A-25/ 28),
Yanlawt Village Group
Tel: 084-22691/ 23691
- Amitta Hotel
No. (10), Kyaing Lan 1 Road, Qtr; (2)
Tel: 084- 23130/ 21685
- Sam Ywet (I) Guest House
Near Central Market,
Kyaing Lan Qtr; (2)
Tel: 084-21235/ 0944404712
- Parami Guest House
No.(3), Tachileik Road
Tel: 084- 21089/ 095251656
- Harry Trekking Guest House
No. (67), Mai Yang Road
Tel: 084- 21418/ 22909
- Samyut (II) Guest House
No. (21), Airport, Naung Kham Qtr;
(3) Tel: 084-21643/ 0944404173
- Phu Lai Motel
Woor Khoke Myothit
Tel: 084-22014/ 09-5250133



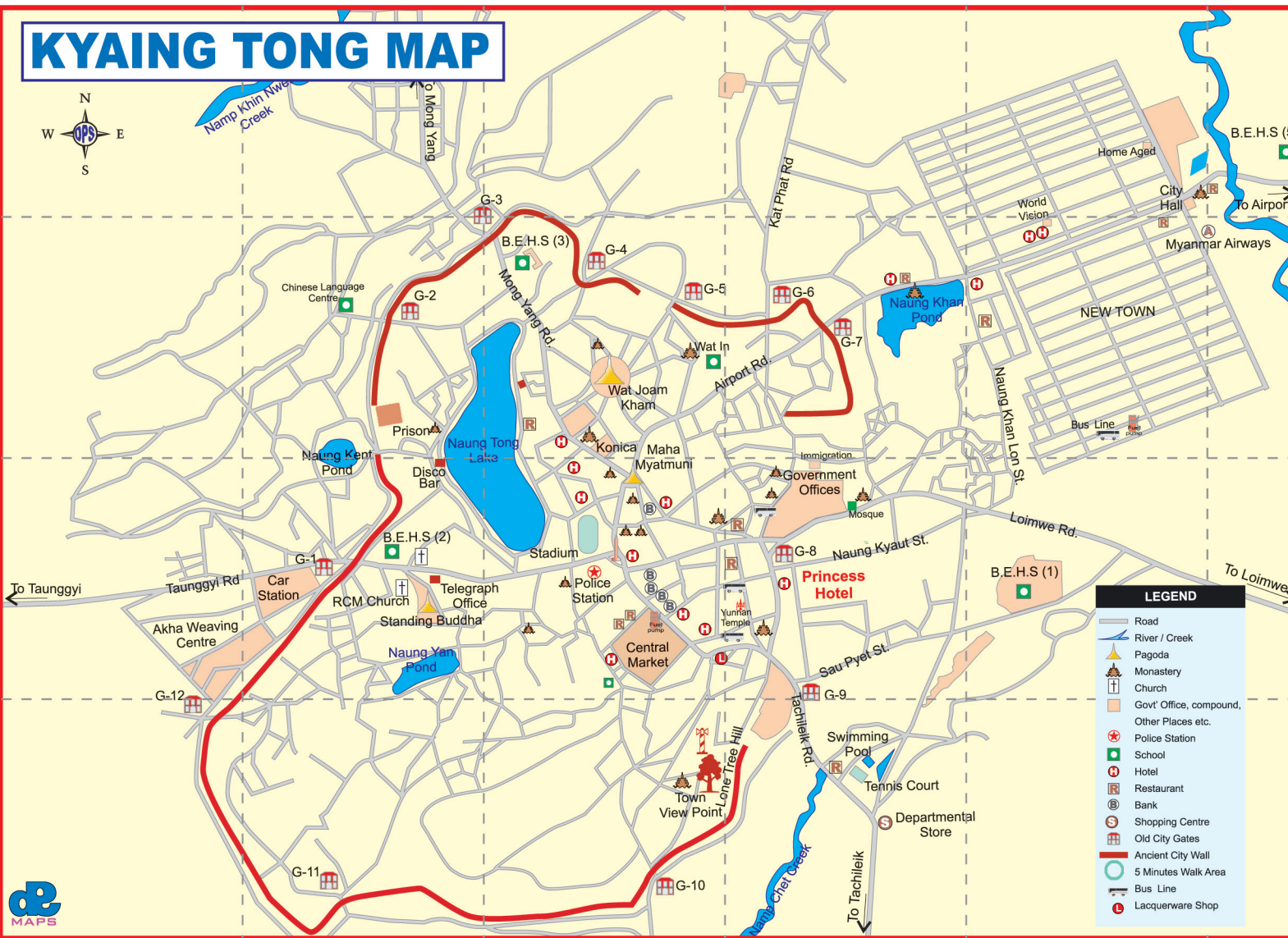
NAUNG CHO (WA) VILLAGE

Naung Cho village is located 40-minute walk from Holap village. Wa tribes are resided there and they follow Roman Catholicism and Baptism. The other three Baptist villages are adjacent to each other and these four villages are called Naung Cho. Visitors can learn the culture and traditions of Wa people.



HOKYEIN (AKHA) VILLAGE

Ho Kyein village is also a home of Akha people and Ho Kyein is also a worth to visit to explore the culture and custom of hill tribes. Visitors can enjoy hiking along the steep path of past coffee plantations and rice paddies leads to Ho Kyein village.



TOURISTS ATTRACTIONS IN EASTERN SHAN STATE (KYAING TONG AND ITS ENVIRONS)

A picturesque mountainous destination, Kyaing Tong and its environs is one of the unique destinations of Myanmar, where visitors can enjoy ageing Buddhist temples, crumbling British Colonial architectures, natural landscape and trekking in ethnic highlands. The area is located in the valley between the high misty mountains of the Shan Plateau and the Mekong and the Than Lwin River.

Kyaing Tong and its environs offer City Tourism and Ethnic Tourism. City Tourism includes Maha Myat Muni Pagoda, Standing Buddha Image, Nong Tong Lake, Roman Catholic Missionary Church, Myoma Market, One Tree Hill, Cemetery of Kyaing Tong Dynasty, Lacquerware workshops and Pottery. Ethnic Tourism includes trekking along the villages of indigenous tribes including Akha, Lahu, Enn, Wa, Aku and Silver Palaung.

HOW TO GET THERE

Kyaing Tong is a new tourist destination and reached by air and/or road. It is best to reach to Kyaing Tong with domestic flights from Yangon, Heho, Tachileik and Mandalay. Kyaing Tong can also accessible overland from Thailand via Tachileik border check point.



PANWAI (LAHU) VILLAGE

Pan Wai village is located 1-hour walk from Naung Cho village and all Lahu people in the village are Baptist Christians. Pan Wai is one of the best places to see natural scenery, tea plantation and traditional wines made from local fruits. Visitors can also experience Lahu traditional culture and customs.